

Formula Thermal Process Safety

Adiabatic temperature rise

$$\Delta T_{ad} = \frac{Q'}{c'_p}$$

ΔT_{ad} : adiabatic temperature rise [K]

Q' specific reaction energy [kJ kg⁻¹]

c'_p specific heat capacity [kJ kg⁻¹ K⁻¹]

Time to maximum rate

$$TMR_{ad} = \frac{c'_p \cdot R \cdot T_0^2}{q'_0 \cdot E}$$

TMR_{ad} Time to Maximum Rate under adiabatic conditions [s]

c'_p specific heat capacity [J kg⁻¹ K⁻¹]

R ideal gas constant [J mol⁻¹ K⁻¹]

T_0 initial temperature [K]

q'_0 specific heat release rate at T_0 [W kg⁻¹]

E activation energy [J mol⁻¹]

Extrapolation of heat release rate

$$q'_{(T)} = q'_{ref} \cdot \exp \left[\frac{E}{R} \left(\frac{1}{T_{ref}} - \frac{1}{T} \right) \right]$$

q'_{ref} specific heat release rate at T_{ref} [W kg⁻¹]

$q'_{(T)}$ specific heat release rate at T [W kg⁻¹]

R ideal gas constant [J mol⁻¹ K⁻¹]

T temperature [K]

T_{ref} reference temperature [K]

E activation energy [J mol⁻¹]

Activation energy from two points

$$E = \frac{R \cdot \ln \left(\frac{q'_1}{q'_2} \right)}{\frac{1}{T_2} - \frac{1}{T_1}}$$

q'_1 specific heat release rate at T_1 [W kg⁻¹]

q'_2 specific heat release rate at T_2 [W kg⁻¹]

R ideal gas constant [J mol⁻¹ K⁻¹]

T_1 temperature [K]

T_2 temperature [K]

E activation energy [J mol⁻¹]

Vapour mass flow rate

$$\dot{m}_v = \frac{q' \cdot M_r}{\Delta H_v}$$

$\dot{m}_v$ Vapour mass flow rate [kg s⁻¹]

q' heat release rate [W kg⁻¹]

M_r reaction mass [kg]

ΔH_v latent heat of evaporation [J kg⁻¹]

Amount of vapor (mass)

$$M_v = \frac{Q' \cdot M_r}{\Delta H_v}$$

Q' Reaction energy [J kg⁻¹]

M_r reaction mass [kg]

ΔH_v latent heat of evaporation [J kg⁻¹]